8th Social Science Lesson 7 Questions in English - History

7. Urban changes during the British period

- 1. Which of the following is/are ancient towns in India?
- 1) Allahabad
- 2) Mohenjadaro
- 3) Madurai
- a) 1, 2
- b) 2, 3
- c) 1, 2, 3
- d) 1, 3
- 2. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) Towns flourished since pre-historic times in India.
- 2) Towns in India can be classified into ancient towns, medieval towns and modern towns.
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 3. Which of the following town flourished during medieval times?
- a) Lucknow
- b) Hyderabad
- c) Nagpur
- d) All the above
- 4. Which of the following is/are coastal town?
- 1) Pondicherry
- 2) Daman
- 3) Surat
- a) 1, 2
- b) 1, 3
- c) 1, 2, 3
- d) 2, 3
- 5. Which of the following city is developed by British?
- a) Goa
- b) Masulipatinam
- c) Mumbai
- d) All the above

- 6. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) In the beginning of eighteenth century, the policies of the British proved harmful to the process of urbanisation
- 2) Later, the economic policies followed by the British led to the rapid transformation of India's economy into a colonial economy and development of cities.
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 7. Which of the following towns lost their importance because of British policy?
- a) Dacca
- b) Murshidabad
- c) Lucknow
- d) All the above
- 8. Assertion: India became the agricultural colony of Britain

Reason: The high import duties and other restrictions imposed on the import of Indian goods into Britain and Europe led to the decline of Indian industries

- a) R is correct and explains A
- b) R and A are correct
- c) R and A are Incorrect
- d) R is correct but A is Incorrect
- 9. In Which year British introduce railroads?
- a) 1850
- b) 1853
- c) 1856
- d) 1854
- 10. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) The introduction of the railways resulted in the diversion of trade routes and every railway station became a point of export of raw materials.

- 2) The railways enabled British manufactures to reach every nook and corner of the country
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 11. Match the following:
- 1) Bombay I. 1639
- 2) Calcutta II. 1661
- 3) Madras III. 1690
- a) II, I, III
- b) I, III, II
- c) II, III, I
- d) I, II, III
- 12. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) As the British gradually acquired political control after the Battle of Buxar in 1764, and the trade of English East India company expanded.
- 2) In the late 18th century, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras rose in prominance as Presidency cities under British rule
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 13. Which of the following's opening resulted in new trend of urbanisation?
- a) Suez Canal
- b) Gulf of Gutch
- c) Gulf of Mannar
- d) Panama Canal
- 14.____ is one that has high population density engaged in occupations other than food
- Production
- a) Rural
- b) Urban
- c) Both a and b
- d) None
- 15. Which of the following is/are the important port city in India?
- a) Madras
- b) Calcutta

- c) Bombay
- d) All the above
- 16. Which of the following is correctly matched?
- 1) Cantonments Capital of Inland Provinces along the trunk routes and strategic places
- 2) Hill Stations A social space developed by the colonial community for health and recreation
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 17. Which of the following fort is located in Calcutta?
- a) Fort St. George
- b) Fort St. William
- c) Fort David
- d) Fort St. Joseph
- 18. Which of the following place is an example of Cantonment towns?
- 1) Kanpur
- 2) Lahore
- 3) Cuddalore
- a) 1, 2
- b) 1, 3
- c) 1, 2, 3
- d) 2, 3
- 19. Which of the following is Mughal recreational centre?
- a) Kedarnath
- b) Srinagar
- c) Badrinath
- d) All the above
- 20. Which of the following is alternative capital of Delhi?
- a) Darjeeling
- b) Calcutta
- c) Dehradun
- d) Mumbai
- 21. Which of the following hill station was/were founded during the Gurkha war (1814-16)?
- a) Darjeeling

b) Ootackamand c) Lord Elphinstone c) Shimla d) Lord Rippon d) All the above 28. Who among the following is known as the Father of Local Self – Government in India? 22. is place for soldiers for rest and recovery from illness a) Lord Mayo a) Cantonment b) Lord Minto b) Sanatorium c) Lord Ripon c) Railway town d) Lord Wellesley 29. Which of the following act introduced d) All the above Dyarchy in the provinces? 23. Which of the following statement is correct? a) Government of India Act of 1919 1) Railway towns were also a type of urban settlements and were established in 1853 after b) Government of India Act of 1935 the introduction of railways by the British c) Government of India Act of 1858 2) By the nature of railway transport, all the d) Charter act of 1833 towns were located on the plains 30. In Which year English East India Company a) 1 alone was started? b) 2 alone a) 1608 c) 1, 2 b) 1600 d) None c) 1707 24. In Which year Madras Municipal Corporation d) 1757 was formed? 31. In Which year a Factory was set up at Surat a) 1888 by English? b) 1688 a) 1615 c) 1668 b) 1608 d) 1678 c) 1612 25. Who among the following is responsible for d) 1707 the formation of the Corporation in Madras? ____ is the power centre of Tamil a) Sir Josiah Child Nadu State Government b) Sir John Shore a) Fort David c) Lord Rippon b) Fort Williams d) David c) Fort St. George 26. Which of the following established Municipal d) Fort St. Joseph administration in 3 presidency towns? 33. Which of the following statement is correct? a) Charter Act of 1773 1) The English, after some efforts secured the b) Charter Act of 1793 privilege of building a factory at Masulipatnam. c) Government of India Act 1919 2) It was well protected from the monsoon d) Charter act of 1813 winds 27. famous Resolution of 1870 intended to a) 1 alone afford opportunities for the development of selfb) 2 alone government. c) 1, 2 a) Lord Mayo d) None b) Lord Minto

- 34. Who among the following inspected Madrasapatnam and found it favourable to set up factory?
- a) Francis Day
- b) Lord Mayo
- c) Lord Hastings
- d) Lord Ripon
- 35. Which of the following statement is correct about Madrasapatnam?
- 1) The official grant for the land in Madrasapatnam was given by Damarla Venkatapathy Nayak, the deputy of the Raja of Chandragiri (12km west of Tirupathi).
- 2) Damarla gave British a piece of land between Cooum river and the Egmore
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 36. Factory cum trading post and a fort at Madrasapatnam was established in_____
- a) 1639
- b) 1739
- c) 1699
- d) 1799
- 37. Which of the following is known as White Town?
- a) Fort St. George
- b) Fort Williams
- c) Fort David
- d) Fort Joseph
- 38. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) Damarla Venkatapathy was under the control of Venkatapathy Pavalu the Pajah of
- of Venkatapathy Rayalu, the Rajah o Chandragiri
- 2) Venkatapathi was succeeded by Srirangarayaly in 1642.
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None

- 39.____ desired that the name Chennapatnam should be given to the new Fort at Madras
- a) Srirangarayaly
- b) Venkatapathy
- c) Chennappa Nayak
- d) None
- 40. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) Chennai was once a group of villages set amidst palm fringed paddy fields until two English East India Company merchants visited there.
- 2) Raja Mahal in Chandragiri palace, Where Sir Francis Day of the East India Company was granted land in 1639 in order to set up factory
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None
- 41. Fort St. George. Day is celebrated on_____
- a) 23 April 1642
- b) 23 April 1640
- c) 12 April 1640
- d) 12 April 1642
- 42. Which of the following comes under Madras presidency?
- 1) Lakshadweep Island
- 2) Rayalaseema
- 3) Southern Odisha
- a) 1, 3
- b) 2, 3
- c) 1, 2
- d) 1, 2, 3
- 43. Dalhousie Square is situated in
- a) Bombay
- b) Calcutta
- c) Madras
- d) Delhi
- 44. In Which year Madras state was reorganized?
- a) 1954
- b) 1956

- c) 1966
- d) 1947
- 45. Madras was officially renamed as Chennai on
- a) 17th July 1996
- b) 14th Jan 1969
- c) 19th July 1996
- d) 17th Jan 1969
- 46. Bombay was initially under the control of_____
- a) French
- b) English
- c) Dutch
- d) Portuguese
- 47. Portuguese king gave it as a dowry to_____
- a) James II, 1661
- b) Charles II, 1661
- c) Charles I, 1662
- d) James I, 1761
- 48. In Which year English East India Company transferred its headquarters from Surat to Bombay?
- a) 1661
- b) 1687
- c) 1768
- d) 1677
- 49. In 1690, the English merchants founded a settlement at
- a) Sutanati
- b) Calcutta
- c) Gobindpur
- d) All the above
- 50. Which of the following statement is correct?
- 1) Calcutta became Presidency with a Governor and Council to manage its affairs.
- 2) The company established Fort David at Calcutta
- a) 1 alone
- b) 2 alone
- c) 1, 2
- d) None