

9th Social Science Lesson 19 Questions in English - Economics

1. Understanding Development: Perspectives, Measurement And Sustainability

1. Which is referred as the progress of a particular field or a person?

- a) Innovation
- b) Deployment
- c) Development
- d) Advancement

2. Assertion (A): Economic progress of a country is known as Economic Development.

Reasoning (R): The Concept of Development does not change with any conditions.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is True but R is False
- d) Both A and R is False

3. What is the basis of the development for a country?

- a) Great Ideas
- b) Equipment's
- c) Supporting Government
- d) Economic conditions

4. The ideas of development includes

- i) Progress
- ii) Part of achievement
- iii) Advancement
- iv) Troubleshoot

- a) i, iii only
- b) ii, iii, iv only
- c) ii, iv only
- d) i and iv only

5. The development refers to the improvements in

- a) Equal opportunity
- b) Less poverty

c) Higher Income

d) All the above

6. Assertion (A): Economic Development refers to the overall growth of all sectors by adopting new technologies.

Reasoning (R): Economic development improves the living standards of the people as well as the status of the country.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is True but R is False
- d) Both A and R is False

7. What are the major Indicators of Economic developments?

- a) NNP
- b) PPP
- c) PCI
- d) All the above

8. What is the GDP rank of India in terms of PPP for the year 2019?

- a) 5
- b) 7
- c) 3
- d) 6

9. Assertion (A): GDP is the Final value of total goods and Services produced with in its geographic boundaries of a country.

Reasoning (R): The GDP of a country is calculated once in a year.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.

d) Both A and R is False

10. Which is considered as a true measure of national output?

- a) PCI
- b) PPP
- c) NNP
- d) GDP

11. Assertion (A): The rise in Per capita Income is a better Indicator than National Income.

Reasoning (R): Rise in per capita income means an increase in real output.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.
- d) Both A and R is False.

12. Which country is not a member of G8?

- a) France
- b) Cuba
- c) Germany
- d) Japan

13. Which body aims in achieving sustainable development goals of India?

- a) NITI Aayog
- b) FMC
- c) NABARD
- d) SEBI

14. SAARC is an organization of _____ nations. Its headquarters is located in _____.

- a) North Asian, Tokyo
- b) South Asian, Beijing
- c) South Asian, Kathmandu
- d) North Asian, New Delhi

15. What was the theme of BRICS summit for the year 2019?

- a) Economic Growth for an Innovative Growth
- b) Sustainable Solutions for Inclusive growth

c) Collaboration for Inclusive growth and shared prosperity

d) Partnership for Development, integration and Industrialization

16. Which is the most important factor to calculate a Country's development?

- a) Income
- b) GDP
- c) Purchasing Power
- d) Human Development

17. Assertion (A): Total income is a useful for measuring various countries per capita Income.

Reasoning (R): Countries varies with population so comparing total income will not be possible.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is False but R is True.
- d) Both A and R is False.

c) A is False but R is True.

d) Both A and R is False.

18. The Average income of a country is calculated by dividing the country's total income by its_____.

- a) Total Population
- b) Total Savings
- c) Total Expenditure
- d) Total Purchase

19. Per capita income of all countries is calculated in terms of _____.

- a) Yen
- b) Great Britain Pound
- c) US Dollar
- d) Euro

20. What is the significance of calculating the Purchasing power parity of a country?

- a) Total Income calculation
- b) Estimating currency exchange
- c) Currency value
- d) Goods purchasing capability

21. Which is the largest country leads in economy in terms of Purchasing power parity?

- a) India
- b) USA
- c) China
- d) Germany

22. Which term can be utilized for the production sector?

- a) Human Resources
- b) Purchasing power parity
- c) Net National product
- d) None of the above

23. What are the factors included in the Human Development Index?

- a) Life expectancy
- b) Standard of living
- c) Adult literacy rates
- d) All the above

24. What was the previous name of the Human Resource development ministry in India?

- a) Ministry of Education
- b) Ministry of School education
- c) Ministry of Home Affairs
- d) Ministry of Higher Education

25. What is the rank of India in HDI for the year 2019?

- a) 128
- b) 129
- c) 126
- d) 111

26. Which state in India has the least sex ratio?

- a) Haryana
- b) Tamil Nadu
- c) Kerala
- d) Uttar Pradesh

27. Assertion (A): Rate of Economic growth of nations could be increased by increasing investment in physical capital.

Reasoning (R): Investment in Human capital is as important as Investment in Physical capital.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.
- d) Both A and R is False.

28. The Natural resources are classified into _____ types of resources.

- a) 2
- b) 5
- c) 3
- d) 4

29. Which of the resource cannot be replenished?

- a) Renewable resources
- b) Used resources
- c) Non-Renewable resources
- d) Non-Available resources

30. State the Renewable resource from the below?

- a) Minerals
- b) Groundwater
- c) Glass
- d) Fuel

31. Which of these are needed to achieve real sustainability?

- a) Economic
- b) Social
- c) Environmental
- d) All the above

32. Name the main sources of power in India?

- a) Solar power plants
- b) Hydro power plants
- c) Thermal power plants
- d) Both b and c

33. Assertion (A): Non-renewable resources pollute and damage the environment.

Reasoning (R): Short time is needed for the formation of these resources.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.
- d) Both A and R is False.

34. Solar power is the conversion of energy from _____ into _____.

- a) Sunlight, Electricity
- b) Thermal, Heat energy
- c) Waterfalls, Hydro power
- d) None of the above

35. Choose the correct statements

- i) A Solar electric system can be a reliable source for Industries.
 - ii) The distributed solar systems are generally installed by home and business owners.
 - iii) Solar power in India is a fast developing industry.
- a) i , ii only
 - b) ii and iii only
 - c) ii only
 - d) i and iii only

36. What are the main challenges of Indian economic development?

- a) Limited resources
- b) Uncertain climate
- c) Minimum externalities
- d) All the above

37. Which organ of India has introduced changes in environmental protection?

- a) The Supreme Court of India
- b) The State Legislative Assembly
- c) The High court
- d) The Rajya Sabha

38. What are the main issues that are dealt with the environmental policies in India?

- a) Air pollution
- b) Water pollution
- c) Waste management
- d) All the above

39. Match

- A. National Green Tribunal Act - i) 1972
- B. Biological diversity Act - ii) 2010
- C. Water Act - iii) 2002
- D. Wildlife Protection Act - iv) 1974

- a) ii, iii, iv, i
- b) i, ii, iv, iii
- c) iv, ii, iii, i
- d) iii, ii, i, iv

40. Which of these Act checks for the deforestation and encourages Afforestation?

- a) The Wildlife protection Act
- b) The Forest Act
- c) The Environment Act
- d) The Biological Diversity Act

41. Assertion (A): Tamil Nadu is the only state known for its rapid progress over a short period.

Reasoning (R): Tamil Nadu started from appalling levels of poverty, deprivation and Inequality.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is False but R is True.
- d) Both A and R is False.

42. When did the Midday meals scheme was started in Tamil Nadu?

- a) 1961-62
- b) 1960-61
- c) 1962-63
- d) 1963-64

43. Choose the correct sentences

i) Active social policies constitute an important aspect in the development of states.

ii) The States have followed some local principles in the provision of Essential public services.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) Both i and ii

d) None of the above

44. Assertion (A): Gram-panchayat and Co-operative services have allowed the private initiatives for developments.

Reasoning (R): The State governments have delivered their services in traditional lines.

a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.

b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is True but R is False.

d) Both A and R is False.

45. Which of these was considered as a social burden for the development of governments?

a) Literacy

b) Inequality

c) Poverty

d) Unemployment

46. Choose the correct statements

i) The Rapid social progress is just a reflection of constructive state policies.

ii) The social movements that fought traditional inequalities are part this development.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) Both i and ii

d) None of the above

47. Tamil Nadu has the _____ per capita Income and _____ poverty rates among all Indian states.

a) Highest, Lowest

b) Average, Lowest

c) Lowest, Highest

d) Highest, Average

48. Which state in India leads in the solar power in the year 2019?

a) Karnataka

b) Gujarat

c) Tamil Nadu

d) Telangana

49. Assertion (A): Sustainable economic development is taken to achieve development without damaging the environment.

Reasoning (R): The consequences of environmental degradation do not respect national or state boundaries.

a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.

b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is True but R is False.

d) Both A and R is False.

50. State the country that leads in Literacy rate as per the census of 2011?

a) Uttar Pradesh

b) Karnataka

c) Kerala

d) Andhra Pradesh