

## 9th Social Science Lesson 10 Questions in English - Civics

## 5. Local Self Government

1. Assertion (A): Local Self-Government is the management of Local affairs.

Reasoning (R): The Local body representatives are nominated members of the local people.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is True but R is False
- d) Both A and R is False

2. Choose the correct Statements

- i) Local Self Government idea is a new concept in India.
  - ii) The Local bodies act as an instrument of Democratic self-government.
- a) i only
  - b) ii only
  - c) both i and ii
  - d) None of the above

3. Which of this ancient Dynasty was pioneer in Local Self-Government?

- a) Later Cholas
- b) Later Pandya's
- c) Early Chola's
- d) Pallava's

4. Which of these was the main reason for the decline of self-government in medieval period of India?

- a) European Invasion
- b) Feudalism
- c) Idea of democracy
- d) All the above

5. Who laid the foundations for the local government in modern India?

- a) Lord Ripon
- b) Lord Campbell

c) Lord Irwin

d) Lord Macaulay

6. Which year resolution of Lord Ripon was the base of local government in India?

- a) 1882
- b) 1863
- c) 1881
- d) 1892

7. Under which Act the provincial autonomy was introduced in India?

- a) The Charter Act, 1833
- b) The Government of India Act, 1935
- c) The Indian Councils Act, 1861
- d) The Government of India Act, 1858

8. What was the key concept of the Congress Government after the 1937 elections?

- a) Rural Development
- b) Agriculture development
- c) Industrial Development
- d) Increasing exports

9. Which of this Gandhi an Idea was greatly influenced by the makers of constitution of India?

- a) Poorna Swaraj
- b) Independence of India
- c) Grama Swaraj
- d) None of the above

10. The Article 40 of the Indian constitution states that

- i) The union government should take steps to organise village Panchayat.
- ii) The State Government must endow the Panchayat with all powers and authorities required.
- iii) Village Panchayat will be functioning as the units of Self-Governments.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) i and iii only

d) ii and iii only

11. When the great Panchayat Raj act was enacted in India?

a) 1951

b) 1957

c) 1956

d) 1949

12. Which of these was the base for the Panchayat raj act in India?

a) The Community development Programme, 1952

b) National extension Service, 1953

c) Both a and b

d) None of the above

13. What are the recommendations of the I.M.Singhvi Committee?

a) Protecting and preserving the Local self - Government

b) Non-Involvement of Political parties in Panchayat elections.

c) Introducing a new chapter in constitution to recognize the Local self-government.

d) All the above

14. Which of the Amendment Acts recognized and protected the Local governments in India?

a) 72nd and 73rd Amendment Act

b) 73rd and 74th Amendment Act

c) 72nd and 74th Amendment Act

d) 74th and 75th Amendment Act

15. What are the classifications of the rural local government sectors in India?

a) Zilla parishads, Panchayat samitis, Gram Panchayat

b) Zilla Parishads, Gram Panchayat

c) District level, Town Level, Gram Panchayat

d) District level, Municipality level and Town Level Panchayat

16. State the Correct sentences regarding the Panchayat Raj system in India?

i) The Panchayat Raj system is a two-tier system.

ii) This system made to create more participation in local government by people.

a) i only

c) Both i and ii

b) ii only

d) None of the above

17. Match

A. L.M.Singhvi Committee - i) 1957

B. Ashok Meta Committee - ii) 1986

C. G V K Rao Committee - iii) 1977

D. Balwant Rai Mehta Committee - iv) 1985

a) ii, iii, iv, i

c) ii, i, iv, iii

b) i, ii, iv, iii

d) iii, iv, i, ii

18. What are the recommendations of the Balwant Rai committee for the democratic decentralization?

a) Establishment of a 3-tier Panchayat Raj system.

b) The village Panchayat should be constituted with directly elected representatives.

c) The Panchayat Samiti and Zilla Parishad should be constituted with indirectly elected members.

d) Irrespective of political parties, Elections has to be constituted for every 5 years.

e) All the above

19. Which of these committees recommended a two tier system in Panchayat raj system?

a) L.M. Singhvi Committee c) Balwant Rai Mehta committee

b) Ashok Meta Committee d) G V K Rao Committee

20. What is the reservation techniques followed in the Local body elections?

- a) 1/3rd of total number of seats for women
- b) 1/3rd of seats for SC and ST.
- c) 1/3rd of offices of chair persons at all levels for women.
- d) All the above

21. Which Part of the constitution deals with the powers and functions of Panchayat Raj?

- a) Part VIII
- b) Part XI
- c) Part IX
- d) Part X

22. How many Subjects are added to the Eleventh schedule of the Constitution to review the financial position of the Panchayat?

- a) 28
- b) 21
- c) 29
- d) 26

23. Assertion (A): The Article 243B states the Constitution of Panchayat in every State.

Reasoning (R): All the seats should be filled by direct elections.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.
- d) Both A and R is False.

24. What is the minimum reconstitution period of a Panchayat if it is dissolved before five years?

- a) Six months
- b) Two months
- c) Three months
- d) One year

25. Which Article provides with the disqualification for membership of Panchayat Institutions?

- a) 243-F
- b) 242-F
- c) 243-G
- d) 243-I

26. Assertion (A): The Legislature of a State cannot assign a Panchayat to levy, collect some taxes.

Reasoning (R): The Article 243-H of the constitution provides of some taxes by or on behalf of the Panchayat

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is False but R is True
- d) Both A and R is False

27. When was the new Panchayat raj system enacted in Tamil Nadu?

- a) 1987
- b) 1994
- c) 1991
- d) 1985

28. Choose the Important features of the new Panchayat Raj system in Tamil Nadu, 1994?

- i) A Two-tier system.
  - ii) Establishment of Election Commission
  - iii) Nomination of Chairman and Members
  - iv) Constitution of Finance Commission
- a) i, ii only
  - b) iii only
  - c) ii, iii, iv only
  - d) ii, iv only

29. Assertion (A): Village Panchayat are local governing bodies of the Villages in India.

Reasoning (R): The Ward members alone are directly elected by the people.

a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.

b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c) A is True but R is False.

d) Both A and R is False.

30. Who acts as the Inspector of the Village Panchayat?

a) The President of Gram Panchayat c) The Home Minister of the State

b) The Sub-Inspector of Police d) The District Collector

31. What is the minimum population count for a territory to be considered as a Village?

a) 1000

b) 500

c) 250

d) 5000

32. Choose the correct statements regarding the functions of the Village Panchayat?

a) Granting permission to housing plots c) Maintenance of Forest area

b) Providing Loan for Farmers d) Providing free and Compulsory Education

33. The ancient Rulers of Cholas reign followed the \_\_\_\_\_ method to \_\_\_\_\_ members of the village councils.

a) Election System, Nominate

b) Ballot system, Select

c) Kudavolai, Elect

d) none of the above

34. From which of these districts the Uthiramerur stone inscriptions was excavated?

a) Villupuram

b) Kancheepuram

c) Vellore

d) Tirunelveli

35. Which of these European rulers revived the local governance in India?

a) The British Government c) The French Government

b) The Portuguese d) The Dutch Governance

36. Which was the first act for the democratic decentralization in post independent India?

a) The Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1950 c) The Madras Panchayat Act, 1958

b) Local Administration Reform, 1957 d) None of the above

37. What are the Voluntary functions of Local governments as per the 1994 Government Act in Tamil Nadu?

a) Control over places of exhibition c) Maintenance of Markets and fairs

b) Implantation of trees d) All the above

38. Assertion (A): Property Tax can be collected by the Taluk level government body.

Reasoning (R): Village Panchayat is the one of the local government body empowered to levy taxes.

a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A

b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A

c) A is True but R is False

d) Both A and R is False

39. How many times the Grama sabha meetings are conducted in a year?

a) 3

b) 2

c) 4

d) 5

40. The Grama sabha meetings are

i) Conducted four times per year.

ii) The Grama Panchayat president presides over the meeting.

iii) Income and Expenditure of the villages is discussed.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) iii only

d) All the above

41. Assertion (A): The Panchayat Union is formed by grouping the Taluk

Reasoning (R): The Chairman of Panchayat union is elected by the people

a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A

b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A

c) A is True but R is False

d) Both A and R is False

42. Find the functions of the Panchayat unions?

a) Maintenance of Social forests

b) Establishment of Maternity Homes

c) Establishment of Public fairs

d) All the above

43. Who are empowered to supervise the developmental functions of the Panchayat Union?

a) The District Collector

b) Block Development Officer

c) Planning Officer

d) All the above

44. Choose the Incorrect statements regarding the District Panchayat.

i) Every district has a district Panchayat.

ii) The Chairman is nominated by the people.

iii) The office tenure of a District Panchayat is for five years.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) iii only

d) None of the above

45. What is the minimum population for forming a District Panchayat?

a) 1, 00,000

b) 50,000

c) 25,000

d) 50,000

46. Who is responsible in supervising the functions of District planning Commission?

a) Village Panchayat only

b) Panchayat union

c) District Panchayat

d) None of the above

47. What are the Basic ideas for Gandhi's Ideal village?

a) Self-reliant

b) Sanitation

c) Education

d) All the above

48. State the Minimum population for a territory to be considered as a Town Panchayat?

a) 10,000

b) 2000

c) 5,000

d) 1000

49. Match

A. Panchayat Union - i) Gandhi

B. Town Panchayat - ii) District Collector

C. Ideal Village - iii) The Mayor

D. Corporation - iv) Executive Officer

a) iv, iii, i, ii

b) iii, ii, iv, i

c) ii, iv, i, iii

d) ii, iv, iii, i

50. State the Correct sentences related to the Municipality structure of the Administration.

i) The territory or area with above 50,000 people is called as a Municipality.

ii) The Members and the Chairman is directly elected by the people.

iii) The Municipality Commissioner is also elected by the people.

a) i only

b) ii only

c) iii only

d) All the above

51. Who will implement the decisions of the Corporation Council?

a) The Municipal Commissioner

b) Any IAS officer

c) The Mayor

d) All the above

52. Name the recently announced Municipal Corporation in Tamil Nadu?

a) Hosur

b) Nagercoil

c) Avadi

d) Dindigul

53. What is the name of the Chennai Corporation Building?

a) The Ripon Buildin

b) The Ice House

c) The Secretariat

d) None of the above

54. State the Important functions of the Mayor of the Corporation.

a) He is the Chairman of the Corporation.

b) He acts as a link between the Government and the people.

c) He can grant loans for the subsidiaries of the Corporation.

d) He appoints the dignitaries of Foreign Countries.

55. Match

A. Town Panchayat - i) 1, 00,000

B. Municipality - ii) 50,000

C. District Panchayat - iii) 10,000

a) iii, i, ii

b) ii, i, iii

c) i, ii, iii

d) iii, ii, i

56. How many types of Urban Panchayat are available?

a) 5

b) 7

c) 6

d) 4

57. Who is responsible for conducting the Local body Election in a State?

a) The Local Government

b) The Election Commission of the State

c) The State Government

d) The Union Government

58. Which of these Articles of the Constitution deals with the Composition of Municipalities?

a) The Article 243-Q

b) The Article 242-E

c) The Article 243-R

d) The Article 243- ZI

59. The Article 243ZA refers to which of these Functions of the Municipalities?

a) Duration of Municipalities

b) Disqualification of Membership

c) Election to the Municipalities

d) Powers to impose tax

60. What are the Challenges for the Local Self Governments in India?

a) Lack of demarcation of Powers

b) Fund Allocation

c) Both a and b

d) Neither a or b

61. In which year E.V.Ramasamy became the Chairman of the Erode Municipality?

a) 1917

b) 1912

c) 1915

d) 1910

62. Which scheme of Periyar E.V.Ramasamy was considered as the first kind in Indian Municipal Administration?

- a) Providing Elementary Education
- b) Providing Mid-day Meals for School children.
- c) Providing piped drinking water supply.
- d) Providing basic health care centers.

63. What are the significant features of Odanthurai Panchayat in Tamil Nadu?

- a) Hut less village
- b) Self-reliant energy
- c) Continuous water supply
- d) All the above

64. Assertion (A): The Article 243-ZE of the constitution provides the Committee for the planning of Metropolitan areas.

Reasoning (R): The Chairman can consider and decide the draft of the development plan on his own.

- a) Both A and R is True and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R is True but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is True but R is False.
- d) Both A and R is False

65. Which of these articles provided for the Union territories?

- a) Article 242-A
- b) Article 243- ZB
- c) Article 243-ZG
- d) Article-243ZK