

9th Social Science Lesson 8 Questions in English - Civics

3. Human Rights

1. Where in south Africa Gandhi was thrown off the train due to racial oppression?
 - a) Pietermaritzburg
 - b) Cape Town
 - c) Durban
 - d) Soweto
2. In which date Human Rights Day is celebrated every year?
 - a) 12th March
 - b) 9th September
 - c) 10th December
 - d) 12th June
3. Which was the highest form of discrimination that existed in South Africa. Places of residence were determined by racial classification.?
 - a) Patriarchy
 - b) Colonisation
 - c) Apartheid
 - d) Segregation
4. Who raised his voice against apartheid in South Africa and organised defiant campaigns against the government and was imprisoned?
 - a) Mahatma Gandhi
 - b) Martin Luther King
 - c) Grace Machel
 - d) Nelson Mandela
5. Which president released Nelson Mandela for amid growing domestic and international pressure and with the fear of a racial civil war?
 - a) P W Botha
 - b) F W de Klerk
 - c) Cyril Ramaphosa
 - d) Steve Biko
6. In 1994 Mandela led which party to victory in Multiracial General Election?
 - a) African National Congress
 - b) Democratic Alliances
 - c) South African Communist Party
 - d) Black First Land First
7. Where Universal Declaration of Human Rights was proclaimed by the United Nations General Assembly on 10 December 1948?
 - a) New York
 - b) London
 - c) Paris
 - d) Tokyo
8. How many articles are in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights?
 - a) 21 articles
 - b) 30 articles
 - c) 27articles
 - d) 42 articles
9. Which of the following statement is true
 - 1) Social Rights guarantee every person to have conditions under which they are able to meet their needs
 - 2) Economic rights are human rights that aim at assuring the enjoyment of culture and its components in conditions of equality, human dignity and non-discrimination.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None
10. Which Right is exercised in the formation and administration of a government and are given to the citizens by law?
 - a) Civil rights
 - b) Social right
 - c) Political rights
 - d) Economic rights

11. Which of the following is not Fundamental Right in India?
- Right to Equality
 - Right to freedom
 - Right Against Exploitation
 - Right to property
12. It is against the law to employ children below which age?
- 15
 - 12
 - 16
 - 14
13. Which of the following is not the type of Freedom (Right to Freedom) mention in the constitution?
- Freedom of speech and expression
 - Freedom to form associations and unions
 - Freedom of Conscience and Religion
 - Freedom to move freely throughout the territory of India
14. History of human rights has its roots from the aftermath of what?
- Industrial revolution
 - First World War
 - Colonisation
 - Second World War
15. Which of the following statement is incorrect regarding Cultural and Educational Rights
- 1) A group of people may open a school for imparting religious education to children.
 - 2) However, such institutions cannot deny admission to anyone based on their caste, colour, creed or even religion
- Only 1
 - Only 2
 - Both 1 and 2
 - None
16. Which is a written order from the court or other legal authority ordering to do an act or not to do it?
- Writ
 - POCSO
 - Counterfeit
 - Habeas
17. Which of the following statement is false
- The Human rights that a human being deserves to survive with respect and freedoms
 - Fundamental rights include those rights which are basic to a real life and are absolute, i.e. it cannot be taken away.
 - Human rights are recognised at international level
 - Fundamental rights are guaranteed under the constitution of the country.
18. Fundamental Duties were incorporated in the Constitution by which amendment?
- 54th Amendment
 - 39th Amendment
 - 42nd Amendment
 - 35th Amendment
19. How many Fundamental duties are there in Constitution?
- Fourteen
 - Twelve
 - Seventeen
 - Eleven
20. Which of the following is not Fundamental Duties
- Respect for the Constitution and its ideals and institutions, the National Flag and the National Anthem
 - To defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so.
 - To practice any profession and carry on any occupation, trade or business

- d) To safeguard public property and to abjure from violence.
21. Maintenance and welfare of parents and Senior Citizens Act, is passed by Government in which year?
- 2008
 - 2007
 - 2005
 - 2010
22. Where National Human Rights Commission office headquarters is located?
- New Delhi
 - Mumbai
 - Chennai
 - Calcutta
23. When the National Human Rights Commission was constituted?
- 13th March 1994
 - 12th October 1993
 - 5th August 1996
 - 6th September 1994
24. Which of the following is not the function of NHRC
- To inquire into the violation of human rights or negligence in the prevention of such violation by a public servant
 - To encourage the effects of NGOs and institutions working in the field of human rights
 - To defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so.
- Only 2
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Both 2 and 3
 - All the statement is correct
25. Under which section of the Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 state confer power to establish State Human Rights Commission?
- Section 21
 - Section 17
 - Section 25
 - Section 18
26. Which of the following is not the function of SHRC
- The SHRC shall enquire into violation of human rights in respect of matters specified in the state and concurrent lists.
 - Its objectives and duties are the same as NHRC, but confined only to the state. It has a chairman and two members.
 - It has the power of a civil court and can take cognizance of cases if received or in suo motu.
 - It can also recommend defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so
27. In which article of Universal Declaration of Human Rights it is exhibited that child is a person who has not completed the age of 18 years i.e. a minor?
- Article 21
 - Article 30
 - Article 25
 - Article 20
28. Which of the following is not the child right?
- Right to life
 - Right to work
 - Right to family environment
 - Right against sale or trafficking
29. Right to Education Act is an Act of the Parliament of India enacted in 2009 for free and compulsory education for children comes under which article?
- Article 5A
 - Article 21A
 - Article 24
 - Article 39d
30. Which app is launched by the Government of Tamil Nadu for public use during emergencies. Anyone, can easily and directly access this app?
- Safety Help - SOS

b) TN Police CUG

c) DIGICOP

d) Kavalan SOS

31. Which act was passed in 2012 to protect child from sexual offence?

a) Equal Remuneration

b) SOP

c) POCSO

d) CSA

32. Which of the following is the Salient features of POCSO Act

1) The Act defines a child as any person below eighteen years of age, to ensure the healthy, physical, emotional, intellectual and social development of the child.

2) The statement of the child and parents is to be recorded exactly as the constitution narrates.

a) Only 1

b) Only 2

c) Both 1 and 2

d) None

33. An ordinance providing the death penalty for rapists of girls below 12 years of age has been promulgated in which year?

a) 2012

b) 2015

c) 2018

d) 2019

34. Which is India's first 24 hours free emergency phone service for children in need of assistance?

a) 104

b) 1098

c) 1002

d) 1037

35. Who is a Nobel Peace Prize recipient and the founder of Bachpan Bachao Andolan, and many other child rights organisations?

a) Nadia Murad

b) Amartya Sen

c) Kailash Satyarthi

d) Ziauddin Yousafzai

36. Which of the following is not correctly matched with article

a) Article 24 – The State not to discriminate against any citizen on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, place of birth or any of them

b) Article 45 – Free and compulsory education for all children until they attain the age of 14 years.

c) Article 21A – Right to Education Act is for free and compulsory education for children from 6 to 14 years of age

d) Article 16 – Equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State

37. When Kailash Satyarthi received Nobel prize for peace?

a) 2014

b) 2002

c) 2008

d) 2016

38. The Central Government amended the Hindu Succession Act in which year by which women are now given equal shares in inheritance property?

a) 2015

b) 1989

c) 2005

d) 2001

39. Which of the following is law not framed by Ambedkar for women?

a) Women Labour Welfare Fund

b) Equal wages to male and female workers for equal work.

c) Maternity Benefit for women Labour

d) Women and child labour protection Act

40. When Periyar E.V. Ramasamy agitate for temple entry for Dalits at Vaikkam in Kerala?

- a) 1941
b) 1919
c) 1932
d) 1924
41. How many percentages is reserved for Women in reserved category and in general category?
a) 33%
b) 30%
c) 24%
d) 28%
42. In Tamil Nadu Transgenders has been classified under which classes?
a) Scheduled classes
b) Backward classes
c) Most Backward classes
d) General classes
43. When the Right to Information Act was enacted that aims to promote transparency in the government institutions?
a) 2014
b) 2005
c) 1998
d) 2001
44. Which of the following statement is incorrect
1) Personal information of individuals and organisations related to the country's defence and intelligence, such as BSF, CRPF, Intelligence Bureau can be obtained through RTI
2) Through RTI one can get even copies of government documents such as records, reports, papers, etc.,
a) Only 1
b) Only 2
c) Both 1 and 2
d) None
45. Which Article ensures equal wages to male and female workers for equal work?
a) Article 5 (a)
b) Article 21 (a)
c) Article 24
d) Article 39 (d)
46. "The rights of every man are diminished when the rights of one man are threatened" said by whom?
a) Mahatma Gandhi
b) Nelson Mandela
c) John F Kennedy
d) Karl Marx
47. Dr B.R. Ambedkar reduced factory working Hours for labours to what timing?
a) 12 hrs
b) 14 hrs
c) 8 hrs
d) 10 hrs
48. In which year Government of Kerala has decided amending the Shops and Commercial Establishment Act to change inhuman practice among women workers for a long time?
a) 2008
b) 2012
c) 2016
d) 2018