

11th Geography Lesson 1 Questions in English
1] Fundamentals of Geography

- 1) Eratosthenes the scholar of _____ coined the term Geography.
- Latin
 - Greek
 - Italy
 - German
- 2) Which of the followings are two distinct methods to study Geography?
- Systematic approach
 - Analytical approach
 - Regional approach
 - Periodic approach
- 1 & 2
 - 2 & 3
 - 1 & 3
 - 1 & 4
- 3) Nomothetic approach is another name of
- Systematic approach
 - Analytical approach
 - Regional approach
 - Periodic approach
- 4) Nomothetic approach to study geography was developed by _____
- Carl Ritter
 - Humboldt
 - Pattison
 - Hartshorne
- 5) Choose the wrongly matched pair
- Physical geography - study of biosphere
 - Biogeography - focuses on forest etc
 - Human geography - study of human nature relationship
 - Geographical methods - techniques for field study
- 6) Study of various elements of earth systems like atmosphere (air), hydrosphere (water), lithosphere (rock) and biosphere (life) and their distributions is described as
- Environmental geography
 - Physical Geography
 - Biogeography
 - Human geography
- 7) Whose quantitative work on botanical geography laid the foundation for the field of biogeography?
- Carl Ritter
 - Humboldt
 - Pattison
 - Hartshorne
- 8) Humboldt was the first person to describe the phenomenon and cause of human induced climate change, in _____
- 1800
 - 1700
 - 1850
 - 1750
- 9) _____ is called as "The spring of the good priest"
- Binagadi asphalt lake
 - Trinidad asphalt lake
 - Lake Pitch
 - Guanoco asphalt lake
- 10) Regional approach is otherwise called as
- Quantitative approach
 - Ideographical approach
 - Cartographical approach
 - Qualitative
- 11) Ideographical approach of geography has been classified into _____ main sub branches?
- Three
 - Five
 - Two
 - Four
- 12) Regional approach of geography was developed by _____?
- Carl Ritter

- B. Humboldt
C. Pattison
D. Hartshorne
- 13) Brian J.L. Berry adopted geographical data matrix method from ____ for studying geography?
A. Anthropology
B. Geo1ogy
C. Meteorology
D. Climatology
- 14) Which of the following is not a major domain of geography?
A. Physical Geography
B. Human Geography
C. Biological geography
D. Geographic Techniques.
- 15) Study of ozone layer depletion, global warming, melting of polar ice caps, rising sea level is described as
A. Biogeography
B. Environmental Geography
C. Oceanography
D. Climatology
- 16) Which of the following are branches of biogeography?
1. Phytogeography
2. Plant Geography
3. Zoo Geography
4. Animal geography
5. Ecology
A. 1,2,3,5
B. 2,3,4,5
C. 1,3,5
D. 1,2,3,4,5
- 17) _____ comprises a study of underground water and its recharge and also pollution of water bodies.
A. Oceanography
B. Climatology
C. Hydrology
D. Soil Geography
- 18) Meteorology is comes under _____
A. Oceanography
B. Climatology
C. Hydrology
D. Soil Geography
- 19) Economic Geography is comes under _____?
A. Physical Geography
B. Human Geography
C. Biological geography
D. Geographic Techniques.
- 20) _____Geography is closely related to cultural geography?
A. Social Geography
B. Political Geography
C. Historical Geography
D. Economic Geography
- 21) Which of the following are not comes under human geography?
a. Settlement Geography
b. Population Geography
c. Soil Geography
d. Anthropogeography
e. Environmental Geography
f. Medical Geography
g. Biogeography
A. a, c, e, b
B. c, d, e, f, g
C. c, e, g
D. a, g, f, c
- 22) Distribution of human communities on the earth is study of _____?
A. Settlement geography
B. Population geography
C. Anthropogeography
D. Political geography
- 23) Find out incorrect pair the following
A. GPS - USA
B. GLONASS - Russia
C. Galileo - Europe
D. Beidou - Japan
- 24) The GPS was the first GNSS system of the USA and originally used for _____ applications?

- A. Agriculture
- B. Military
- C. Vehicles
- D. Police

25) _____ is a computer-based tool of the recent decades for geographical studies?

- A. GPS
- B. GNSS
- C. GIS
- D. GLONASS

26) Geology provides basic information to the study of _____?

- A. Geomorphology
- B. Biogeography
- C. Climatology
- D. Oceanography

27) _____ are considered as two sides of the 'geography coin'?

- A. Cartography & prediction
- B. Quantification & cartography
- C. Accuracy & Quantification
- D. Mapping & refinement

28) GPR, one of the emerging field survey instruments. Definition of GPR

- A. Ground Penetrating Radio
- B. Glass Penetrating Radar
- C. Ground Position Radar
- D. Ground Penetrating Radar

29) _____ background is an asset for careers in 'Travel Journalism'

- A. Geography
- B. Journalism
- C. Tourism
- D. Travel Management

30) The Indian Geographical Society is conducting talent test examination to _____?

- A. School students
- B. Final year UG & PG geography students
- C. Geography Ph.d graduates
- D. Geography PG students only

31) Who is the founder of IGS?

- A. Prof N. Subrahmanyam
- B. Prof. A.Ramesh
- C. Prof .B. M. Thirunaranan
- D. Prof.V.L.S.PrakasaRao

32) Who is conducting talent test examination to school students?

- A. The Indian Geographical Society
- B. Indian Space Research Organisation
- C. Indian Meteorological Department
- D. The Association of Geography Teachers of India

33) Who identified the core themes of geographic studies as 'The Four Traditions of geography'?

- A. Carl Ritter
- B. Humboldt
- C. Pattison
- D. Hartshorne

34) Which of the following will not come under four traditions of geography?

- A. Spatial tradition
- B. Area studies tradition
- C. Man animal tradition
- D. Earth science tradition

35) Identify the correct pair

- A. Spatial tradition - areal distribution
- B. Area studies tradition - man and physical environment
- C. Man animal tradition - process of earth
- D. Earth science tradition - hierarchy of areas

36) Five themes of geography were adopted in the year ____?

- A. 1983
- B. 1981
- C. 1986
- D. 1984

37) Five themes of geography were adopted by _____?

- A. Association of Japanese Geographers
- B. Association of German Geographers
- C. Association of American Geographers
- D. Association of Russian Geographers

38) Which of the following are 'Five themes of Geography'?

- A. Location, place, human – environment interaction, movement and regions.
- B. Location, relief, human – environment interaction, movement and regions
- C. Location, place, human – environment interaction, movement and technology.
- D. Location, forces, human – environment interaction, movement and technology.

39) Every point on earth has a location then the two types are?

- A. Relative & Actual location
- B. Relative & Absolute location
- C. Absolute & Potential location
- D. Absolute & Actual location

40) _____ location is a location as described by its latitude and longitude on the earth

- A. Relative location
- B. Actual location
- C. Absolute location
- D. Potential location

41) _____ is the position of a place in relation to another well-known landmark?

- A. Relative location
- B. Actual location
- C. Absolute location
- D. Potential location

42) A place name, one derived from its topographical feature is called as _____?

- A. Toponym
- B. Site
- C. Situation
- D. Region

43) What is called as situation?

- A. An area of ground on which a town, building, or monument is constructed.
- B. A place name, especially one derived from topographical feature
- C. An area that is defined by everything in it
- D. The location and surroundings of a place.

44) Which of the following is not a concept of human environment interactions?

- A. Adaptation
- B. Movement
- C. Modification
- D. Dependency

45) Air transport and Internet are examples of _____?

- A. Adaptation
- B. Modification
- C. Movement
- D. Dependency

46) Which of the following are characteristics of a region?

1. Climate
2. Monsoon regions
3. Natural vegetation
4. Tropical rain forests
5. Crops
6. Landforms

- A. 1, 2, 3, 6, 4
- B. 6, 3, 5, 4, 2
- C. 1, 3, 5, 6, 4
- D. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6

47) Which paved way for the development of modern cartography and GIS?

- A. Interaction of astronomy, mathematics and computer science with geography
- B. Interaction of astronomy, mathematics and physics with geography
- C. Interaction of astronomy, geology and computer science with geography
- D. Interaction of astronomy, mathematics and geology with geography

48) Geomorphology is the study of _____?

- A. Natural vegetation
- B. Landforms
- C. Climatic regions
- D. Minerals

49) Find out incorrectly matched pair

- A. The physics of atmosphere - climatology
- B. The physics of hydrosphere - oceanography

- C. The physics of lithosphere - geology
D. The physics of biosphere - meteorology
- 50) Raja Raja Chola or Rajendra Chola had trade relations especially with
- South Asian countries
 - North American countries
 - East African countries
 - South American countries
- 51) The study of 'apartheid' a system existed in South Africa is an example of _____?
- Cultural geography
 - Historical geography
 - Anthropogeography
 - Bio geography
- 52) The relationship between anthropology and geography is _____?
- Study of animals
 - Study of plants
 - Study of marine animals
 - Study of humans
- 53) Which of the following has relationship with geography?
- Physics, Chemistry with Geography
 - Botany, Zoology with Geography
 - Economics with Geography
 - Sociology with Geography
 - History with Geography
- 3, 4, 5
 - 2, 3, 4, 5
 - 1,2,4,5
 - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- 54) Who published 'Kosmos' in 1844?
- Carl Ritter
 - Humboldt
 - Pattison
 - Hartshorne
- 55) During which period two schools of thought that emerged to explain human environment interaction?
- The period between 1800 - 1950
 - The period between 1400 - 1800
 - The period after 1950
 - The period between 1600 – 1700
- 56) Who is not the proponent of environmental deterministic school of thought?
- Mackinder
 - Ellen Semple
 - Huntington
 - La Blache
- 57) Who thought environment as a limiting factor rather than as a deterministic force?
- Mackinder
 - Ratzel
 - Ellen Semple
 - Huntington
- 58) The discipline geography was in an embryonic stage during _____?
- The period between 1800 -1950
 - The period between 1400-1800
 - The period after 1950
 - The period between 1600 -1700
- 59) The first Greek geographer was _____?
- Thales
 - Herodotus
 - Aristotle
 - Eratosthenes
- 60) Which subject was considered as 'The Mother of all Sciences'?
- Physics
 - Geography
 - Science
 - Chemistry
- 61) An imaginary line passing through the Royal Observatory at England is called
- Zero degree equator
 - Zero degree line of longitude.
 - Parallels of latitude
 - Parallels of longitude
- 62) Mercator projection, devised in 1569, is useful for
- Population distribution
 - Shape and size projection

C. Navigational charts

D. Place projection

63) Which projection has no area distortion it is useful for showing population distribution?

A. Mercator

B. The globe

C. Mollweide

D. Cartography

64) The only true representation of the Earth's surface is?

A. Mercator

B. The globe

C. Mollweide

D. Cartography

65) Consider the following statements, choose the correct one

1. Incoming solar radiation are long wave in nature

2. Outgoing terrestrial radiation are short wave in nature

A. 1 only

B. 2 only

C. both 1&2

D. neither 1 nor 2