

9th Social Science Lesson 2 Questions in English

2. Ancient Civilisation - Indus Civilisation

1. The Indus civilisation, also known as _____

- a) Indian civilisation
- b) River civilisation
- c) Harappan civilisation
- d) Holly civilisation

2. Which area is the southern boundaries with in which the Harappan culture has been found?

- a) Shortugai
- b) Alamgirpur
- c) Sutkagen-Dor
- d) Daimabad

3. Which of the following region has no concentration of Indus civilisation?

- a) Gujarat
- b) Uttar Pradesh
- c) Haryana
- d) Rajasthan

4. Which of the following region lies in current Pakistan?

- a) Mohenjo-Daro
- b) Kalibangan
- c) Lothal
- d) Surkotada

5. Which of the following statement is correct

- 1) A civic authority perhaps controlled the planning of the towns. A few of the houses had more than one floor.
 - 2) The Harappans only baked bricks and stones for construction.
- a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

6. The Great Bath was constructed in which city of Indus civilisation?

- a) Harappa
- b) Mohenjo-Daro
- c) Kalibangan
- d) Lothal

7. A male image from Mohenjo-Daro has been identified as _____

- a) Farmer
- b) War Soldier
- c) Priest King
- d) Lord Shiva

8. Which was the first site to be discovered in Indus valley civilisation?

- a) Mohenjo-Daro
- b) Lothal
- c) Banawali
- d) Harappa

9. Which of the following crop is not cultivated by Indus valley people?

- a) Wheat
- b) Paddy
- c) Barely
- d) Millet

10. Indus valley people have no knowledge about which of the following Animal?

- a) Horse
- b) Elephant
- c) Sheep
- d) Goat

11. Which animal was often represented in the seals of Indus valley civilisation?

- a) Elephant
- b) Sahiwal
- c) Zebu
- d) Goat

12. The Harrapans followed which crop system?

- a) Monocropping
- b) Double cropping
- c) Intercropping
- d) Row intercropping

13. Which of the following statement is incorrect

- 1) The Harappans used painted pottery. Their potteries have a deep blue slip and red paintings.
- 2) The pottery has shapes like dish-on stands, storage jars, perforated jars, goblets, S-shaped jars, plates, dishes, bowls and pots.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

14. which tree leaf was depicted on the pottery of Indus valley civilisation?

- a) Palm Tree
- b) Banyan Tree
- c) Sal Tree
- d) Peepal Tree

15. The Harappans used which blades?

- a) Shale Blades
- b) Chert Blades
- c) Flint Blades
- d) Breccia Blades

16. Harrapans have no knowledge about which of the following?

- a) Bronze
- b) Iron
- c) Copper
- d) Ivory

17. The image of dancing girl from Mohenjo-Daro was made of which metal?

- a) Copper
- b) Iron
- c) Bronze
- d) Silver

18. Rohri is located in which country from which raw material was collected for Rohri chert?

- a) India
- b) Pakistan
- c) Afghanistan
- d) Mongolia

19. Harappans had knowledge of cotton and which textiles?

- a) Wool
- b) Linen
- c) Polyester
- d) Silk

20. Harrapan exported ornaments to which of the following people?

- a) Egypt
- b) Roman
- c) Mesopotamia
- d) Peru

21. What in the cuneiform inscriptions is considered to refer to the Indus region?

- a) Zebu
- b) Sindh
- c) Meluha
- d) Indi

22. Harrapan seals was not found in which of the following areas?

- a) Bahrain
- b) Oman
- c) Iraq
- d) Saudi Arabia

23. Which of the following statement is correct

- 1) The Harappans developed a system of proper weights and measures. Since they engaged in commercial transactions, they needed standard measures.
- 2) The cubical chert weights are found at the Harappan sites. The copper plates for weighing balances have also been found.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

24. Which weight system was used by Harrapan people for weight measurement?

- a) Octal system
- b) Decimal system
- c) Algorithm
- d) Binary system

25. The seals from Indus was used for what purpose?

- a) Trade
- b) Taxing
- c) Agriculture
- d) Fishing

26. Some scholars view that Harrapan scripts are in which language?

- a) Aryan language
- b) Dravidian language
- c) Arabic language
- d) Albanian language

27. Priest king image was made up of which material?

- a) Alabaster
- b) Marble
- c) Steatite
- d) Limestone

28. Which of the following statement is incorrect

- 1) The terracotta figurines, paintings on the pottery and the bronze images from the Mohenjo-Daro sites suggest the artistic skills of those people.
- 2) Toy carts, rattles, wheels, tops, marbles and hop scotches made in terracotta suggest the amusement of the Harappan people.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

29. Indus people worshipped which tree?

- a) Banyan Tree
- b) Neem Tree
- c) Palm Tree
- d) Pipal Tree

30. Where Fire altars have been identified in Indus civilisation?

- a) Lothal
- b) Rakhigarhi
- c) Kalibangan
- d) Harappa

31. Which of the following statement is incorrect

- 1) The Indus people buried the dead. Burials were done elaborately and evidence for cremation has also been found.
- 2) The archaeological evidence shows movement of the Harappans to the east and south after the decline of the Indus civilisation.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

32. When Harrapan civilisation started?

- a) Around 4200 BC
- b) Around 3300 BC
- c) Around 2100 BC
- d) Around 4000 BC

33. When Indus civilisation and its urban features started declining?

- a) 1500 BC
- b) 1200 BC
- c) 1800 BC
- d) 1900 BC

34. Which of the following statement is correct

- 1) Changes in climate, decline of the trade with Mesopotamia and drying up or flooding of the river Indus, foreign invasion were some of the reasons attributed to the collapse of this civilisation.
- 2) It completely disappeared. No trace of the migration.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

35. Based on computer analysis, which Russian scholar suggested that the Indus inscriptions have a Dravidian-like word order?

- a) Lev Landau
- b) Igor Kurchatov
- c) Yuri knorozov
- d) Vladimir Toporov

36. A stone Celt discovered in which area of Tamil Nadu has same marking as that of the symbol of the Indus script?

- a) Mayiladuthurai
- b) Thanjavur
- c) Perambalur
- d) Nagapattinam

37. Which of the following statement is incorrect

- 1) Harappans knew the art of writing. The script is found on seals, in moulded terracotta and on pottery. It has not been deciphered till now. Because the Indus texts are very short, the average length of the inscription is less than five signs
- 2) The Indus texts are very long, the average length of the inscription is more than ten signs. It has no bilingual text (like a Rosetta stone written in Egyptian and Greek).
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

38. In May 2007, the Tamil Nadu Archaeology Department found pots with arrow head symbols at which area resembled the seals in Mohenjo-Daro?

- a) Thiruvengadu
- b) Melaperumpallam
- c) Ariyalur
- d) Virudhachalam

39. Which of the following statement is correct

- 1) According to Parpola, the sign of the Indus script is likely to represent Dravidian mono-syllabic roots
- 2) Indus script was written generally from left to right.
 - a) Only 1
 - b) Only 2
 - c) Both 1 and 2
 - d) None

40. Which researcher has done extensive research on Indus civilisation, says, "We may hopefully find that the proto Dravidian roots of Harappa language and South Indian Dravidian languages are similar"?

- a) Iravatham Mahadevan
- b) Yuri knorozov
- c) Romila Thapar
- d) Alexis sanderson

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